



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

ORDER PAPER

Thursday, 2 March, 2017

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1. Prayers
 2. Approval of the Votes and Proceedings
 3. Oaths
 4. Message from the President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (*if any*)
 5. Message from the Senate of the Federal Republic of Nigeria (*if any*)
 6. Other Announcements (*if any*)
 7. Petitions (*if any*)
 8. Matter(s) of Urgent Public Importance
 9. Personal Explanation
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PRESENTATION OF REPORTS

1. **Committee on Pensions:**
Hon. Hassan Adamu Shekarau:
"That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Pensions on a Bill for an Act to Establish the National Intelligence Agency Pensions Board to Handle Pension Matters for Personnel of the Agency and for Other Connected Purposes (HB. 842)" (*Referred: 8/12/2016*).
2. **Committee on Local Content:**
Hon. Emmanuel Ekon:
"That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Local Content on the Investigation into the Provision of Indigenous Support Vessel Total Upstream Nigeria Limited; Total Nigeria Plc Tender for provision of PVC and Terminal Support Ref: NTD 00001632 (*Arising from the Oversight Activity of the Committee, pursuant to Order Eighteen, Rule 65 (2) of the Standing Orders of the House*).
3. **Committee on Federal Capital Territory:**
Hon. Herman Hembe:
"That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Federal Capital Territory on the Investigation into the alleged irregularities surrounding the Centenary City Project" (**HR. 08/2016**).

4. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Chinda Chidum:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Chinda Chidum, against Sterling Oil Exploration and Energy Production Company on wrongful termination of employment” (*Referred: 2/9/2016*).
5. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Odoh Jude Ifeanyi:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Odoh Jude Ifeanyi, against Huawei Technologies Nigeria Limited on wrongful termination of Appointment, unfavourable conditions of service and increasing cases of replacement of Nigerians with illegal Chinese Immigrants” (*Referred: 10/12/2015*).
6. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Richard Termough Yough:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Richard Termough Yough, against the Council of Legal Education for wrongful termination of appointment from service” (*Referred: 13/4/2016*).
7. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Mr Ije Ikenna Okemini Ije:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Mr Ije Ikenna Okemini Ije, against the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC) on wrongful termination of appointment” (*Referred: 21/9/2016*).
8. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Aggrieved Trainees of Industrial Training Fund Model Skills Training Centre, Abuja:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Aggrieved Trainees of the Industrial Training Fund Model Skills Training Centre, Abuja, against the management of the Institution for non-graduation of the trainees after two years of graduation period of the Institution” (*Referred: 2/3/2016*).
9. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Akinyemi Olusegun Abimbola:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Akinyemi Olusegun Abimbola, against the National Drug Law Enforcement Agency (NDLEA) on alleged unlawful termination of appointment” (*Referred: 21/4/2016*).
10. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Mr Emmanuel Ajayi and Others:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Mr Emmanuel Ajayi and others, against the Director General of National Space Research and Development Agency, Dr S. O. Mohammed on wrongful redeployment of the National Coordinator of Cooperative Information Network (COPINE), Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile Ife and termination of appointment of some members of staff” (*Referred: 28/1/2016*).

11. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Elias Okorie Chidi:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Elias Okorie Chidi, against the Nigeria Social Insurance Trust Fund on wrongful termination of appointment” (*Referred: 15/10/2015*).
12. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Hauwa Ahmed Pategi:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Hauwa Ahmed Pategi, against First Bank of Nigeria Plc on unlawful termination of appointment” (*Referred: 25/5/2016*).
13. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Akipelai Community:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Akipelai Community in Ogbia Local Government Area of Bayelsa State, against Shell Petroleum Development Company on the non-compliance with their terms of agreement” (*Referred: 8/10/2015*).
14. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Mohammed M. Yahaya:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Mohammed M. Yahaya, against the National Drug Law Enforcement Agency (NDLEA) on alleged unlawful termination of appointment” (*Referred: 17/12/2015*).
15. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Enoch O. Oyeniyi:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Enoch O. Oyeniyi, against the Centre for Management of Development on alleged wrongful and compulsory retirement from service” (*Referred: 3/12/2015*).
16. **Committee on Public Petitions:**
Report on the Petition by Olarenwaju Aderemi Obafemi:
Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta:
“That the House do receive the Report of the Committee on Public Petitions on the petition by Olarenwaju Aderemi Obafemi, against the Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution on alleged dismissal from service” (*Referred: 5/4/2016*).

ORDERS OF THE DAY

BILLS

1. A Bill for an Act to Establish the National Council for Public Assistance to Widows, Dependent Children and Orphans; a Bill for an Act to Establish a Welfare Trust Fund and Management Commission for Effective Management of the Welfare of the Unemployed, People with Disability (Temporal/Permanent), Orphans, Widows, the Elderly and the Youths, Compensation for Citizens who are Deprived of Means of Livelihood as a Result of Population, Demolition, Forced Relocation, Retirement and Health, Provision of Medical Care and Subsidies for Poor Families and to Protect the Less Privileged in the Society, a Bill for an Act to Provide for the Registration and Control of Orphanages and Other Institutions for the Boarding, Care and Maintenance of Orphans and Deserted Children, a Bill for an Act to Establish the National Social Security and Welfare Board and Vest it with Responsibility for the Control and Administration of Benefits and Assistance to Enhance the

Welfare of Citizens, Especially Disadvantaged Persons, Children, Women, the Handicapped, the Sick, the Aged and the Unemployed, a Bill for an Act to Regulate the Establishment, Registration, Provision and Management of Services and Residential Facilities for Elderly Persons and a Bill for an Act to Protect the Elderly and Vulnerable Persons who Lack Reasonable Mental and Physical Capacity to Guard against Financial Abuse and for Other Related Matters (HBs 124, 126, 183, 324, 602 and 822 (*Hon. Abubakar Amuda-Kannike G, Hon. Ayuba Mohammed Bello, Hon. Rita O. Orji, Hon. Awoleye Abiodun Dada, Hon. Lynda Chuba Ikpeazu and Hon. Enitan Dolapo Badru*) — *Second Reading*.

2. A Bill for an Act to Establish the Federal Capital Territory (FCT) Traffic Management and Enforcement Authority (TMEA) to be Saddled with the Responsibility of Regulating, Controlling, Managing and Enforcing Road Traffic Violations within the Federal Capital Territory (FCT) and for Other Related Matters (HB. 533) (*Hon. Uzoma Nkem-Abonta*) — *Second Reading*.
3. A Bill for an Act to Amend the Stamp Duties Act, Cap. S8, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 to Ensure Compliance with Current Realities and for Other Related Matters (HB. 889) (*Hon. Saheed Akinade Fijabi*) — *Second Reading*.

MOTIONS

4. **Need to Construct and Equip Jachi Dam Project in Mani Local Government Area of Katsina State:**
Hon. Aminu Ashiru Mani:

The House:

Aware of Section 20 of the 1999 Constitution which provides that the State shall protect and improve the environment with regard to safeguarding and improvement of water facilities and other factors of human habitation;

Also aware that one of the basic needs of every living being is safe water for consumption be it man, plants animal;

Concerned that the people of Jachi in Mani Local Government Area of Katsina State, who are predominantly peasant farmers, have been struggling with the challenge of accessing potable water and irrigation facilities over the years for growth of their agro-products and for their livestock;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the Federal Ministry of Water Resources to ensure the provision of money in the 2017 budget for the construction of Jachi Dam; and
- (ii) mandate the Committees on Waters Resources and Legislative Compliance to ensure adherence.

5. **Urgent Need for Investigation of the Allegations of Indiscriminate Issuance of "Certificate of No Objection" by the Bureau of Public procurement (BPP):**
Hon. Chukwuma Onyema:

The House:

Notes that Sections 6 (1) (c) and 16 (1) (b) of the Public Procurement Act, 2007 empowers the Bureau of Public Procurement (BPP) to issue certificates of no objection to contracts awarded by relevant procurement entities;

Also notes that the vesting of the above powers on the BPP is aimed at ensuring that the letters and spirit of the Public Procurement Act is complied with, the government obtains value for money, contracts awarded are within relevant thresholds and are backed by budgetary allocations;

Observes that the BPP has consistently engaged in underhand dealings with respect to the grant of "certificates of no objection", thereby abusing this power for pecuniary gains;

Also observes that such gross abuses and violation of the Public Procurement Act of 2007 has been exacerbated by the recent increase in arbitrary nomination to procuring entities of winners for tendering processes and where the procuring entity declines, the process is interjected and frustrated in bad faith and for flimsy reasons;

Concerned that if steps are not taken urgently to investigate these allegations and address any proven infractions, the BPP is likely to transform itself from a regulator to disruptor which will endanger the entire public procurement system;

Resolves to:

Mandate the Committee on Public Procurement to investigate the above allegations and report back to the House within five (5) weeks for further legislative action.

**6. Urgent Need for the Federal Government to Build Public Schools to Save School Age Children in Mairi-Kuwait in Jere Federal Constituency, Borno State from Falling into the Trap of Boko Haram Recruiters:
Hon. Ayuba Mohammed Bello:**

The House:

Notes that Mairi-Kuwait is a community in Jere Federal Constituency with a population of more than 35,000 people settled around the University of Maiduguri and its Teaching Hospital, the UMTH;

Aware that due to the proximity of the area to the University, it is populated by various ethnic and religious groups and almost all the lands in the area have been built up by private individuals to provide accommodation for the staff and students of the University, which has raised the cost of landed assets around the area;

Worried that the only public school close to the area is located at the border area of Maisandari ward of M.M.C. and Mairi ward close to Shiekh Abba Aji Mosque which has little space to accommodate even those that are closer to the school, and as a result children from Mairi-Kuwait have to trek tens of kilometers before reaching the area, which consequently, discourage school attendance;

Concerned that Boko Haram insurgents are in the habit of using school age children to detonate explosive devices in public places and most of the children in the area who do not attend schools roam the streets and are consequently easy targets for recruitment into the fold of suicide bombers;

Also notes that after the recent bomb blast incident at the University of Maiduguri, the "Inter-Ethnic and Inter-Religious Forum" in the area collaborated with my office to acquire land/properties for building of schools in the area;

Further notes that negotiations have reached ninety five percent (95%) level of conclusion to pay compensation to owners of the land/properties through zonal intervention, thus making the land available for the school building projects to commence;

Resolves to:

- (i) call on the Presidential Initiatives on North East (PINE) to ensure the appropriation of money in the 2017 budget for the building of the primary and junior secondary schools on the acquired land; and
- (ii) mandate the Committee on Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), Refugees and Initiatives on North East, in liaison with the Economic Development Sub-Committee of PINE to ensure compliance and report back to the House within eight (8) weeks for further legislative action.

**7. Call to Improve Health Care Services in the Rural Communities:
Hon. Oladipupo Olatunde Adebutu:**

The House:

Notes that Nigeria's rural communities serve as the source of agricultural products which place them favourably in the quest to assure national food sustainability and security and about 80 per cent of those responsible for ensuring sustained agricultural output reside in the rural areas;

Also notes that agricultural development is pivotal to the diversification of Nigeria's economy, hence in August 2016, the Federal Government launched an Agricultural Sector Roadmap: The Green Alternative Policy 2016-2020 in order to "position agriculture as the arrowhead of Nigeria's economic recovery" and the policy is targeted at growing the agricultural sector at the rate of between six per cent and twelve percent yearly as well as raising the agricultural share of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) to 23% with the aim of assuring national food security;

Further notes that the rural farming communities are key to government's agricultural expansion plans and this in turn is largely predicated on the farmers' maintenance of good health for productivity given that the health status of an adult underpins his ability to work, hence one of the critical factors to ensuring that the rural populace sustain the work pace in the agricultural sector is the provision of qualitative healthcare facilities and services in the rural communities;

Aware that the right to health is a basic human right and is fundamental to social and economic development and that the growing knowledge of the impact of good health of farmers to sustainability of agricultural production such as that expressed in the Federal Government's Green Alternative Policy 2016-2020, has prompted numerous studies on linkages between rural farmers' health and the implications on agricultural productivity on cycle of food production;

Also aware that several studies have highlighted that poor health condition is a serious constraint to agricultural productivity; while some other studies have also shown that there is an unequal distribution of health facilities between the urban centres and the rural areas;

Concerned that poor social and health indices of accessibility (for example geographical and financial), low life expectancy, high maternal and infant mortality, high under-five malnutrition etc, remain high due to lack of equity in planning and distribution of healthcare facilities in the rural communities and this is further compounded by the preponderance of abandoned health facilities in the rural areas across the country;

Also concerned that the desired sustainability of agricultural production and agriculture-induced development will be threatened if the government does not review its healthcare implementation strategies as it relates to rural healthcare facilities and services to both the peripheral and core rural areas to ensure that the rural farming communities have unhindered access to healthcare services;

Resolves to:

Mandate the Committees on Rural Development and Healthcare Services to investigate the lack of healthcare facilities and services in the rural communities in Nigeria with a view to ensuring adequate provision of affordable healthcare facilities and services in those communities and report back to the House within eight (8) weeks for further legislative action.

8. Need to Investigate the Sharp Practices in Automated Teller Machines (ATM):

Hon. Joseph Eghoghon Edionwele:

The House:

Notes that the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) is the agency saddled with the responsibility to supervise the operations of commercial banks and other financial institutions in Nigeria;

Aware of the initiative of the CBN in the introduction of automated Teller Machines (ATM) for the purpose of rendering twenty four hours services, including dispensing of cash to depositors;

Concerned that many bank customers who use the ATM services are being shortchanged by some faulty or malfunctioning ATMs, which, though unable to dispense cash, yet automatically debit the customer's accounts and is recorded in the bank's transactions and failure to complain may result in non-reversal in the case of many ignorant customers;

Aware that most of the ATMs involved in these "sharp practices" are owned and operated by commercial banks who may be aware that they are faulty or not adequately supplied with cash, this preparing the grounds for such "sharp practices" to be perpetrated;

Worried that many Nigerians may have unknowingly fallen victim, considering the sizeable population of persons who may not be alerted on phone or internet on transactions in their accounts;

Cognizant that if these sharp practices are not checked, they may erode the confidence of the banking public in ATMs which could adversely affect the cashless policy being promoted by the Central Bank of Nigeria;

Resolves to:

- (i) urge the CBN to direct various commercial banks and other financial institutions to put in place online monitoring mechanisms to determine the functionality of ATMs and vault cash levels with a view to minimizing if not totally eliminating the incidents of debits without dispensation of cash by Automatic Teller Machines; and
- (ii) mandate the Committee to ensure implementation and report back to the House within six (6) weeks for further legislative action.

9. Continuing Inability of Most Nigerian Law Students to Attend Law School because of the Exorbitant Fees, the Requirements and the Enormous Difficulties and Demeaning Circumstances Nigerians Endure to Obtain Funds for Law School Fees:

Hon. Mark Terseer Gbillah:

The House:

Aware that the Nigerian Law School was established in 1963 in line with the Legal Education Act of 1962 to provide practical legal training to law graduates from Nigeria and abroad intending to practice law in Nigeria and is consequently a prerequisite for any law graduate to attend the law school before practicing law in Nigeria;

Alarmed at the exponential increase in Law school fees over the last couple of years to a mind boggling basic school fees for the 2016/2017 session of ₦250,000 and ₦295,000 for Bar Part I and Bar Part II Nigerian Law graduates which with additional compulsory payments usually increases to between ₦320,000 to ₦350,000 respectively and a basic school fees of ₦1,145,000 and ₦620,000 for Bar Part I and Bar Part II Law graduates from abroad which increases to between ₦1,120,000 to ₦700,000 respectively when you include other compulsory payments, in addition to the compulsory requirement of a laptop for each student for the typically one year session and additional costs for feeding, academic materials and general upkeep;

Also alarmed that for an institution that is funded annually by the Federal Government, there appears to be no resolve to assuage the suffering of majority of Nigerian law graduates who cannot afford the fees and others who have to resort to borrowing, sale of properties and belongings, begging illegal, indecent and extremely demeaning actions, sometimes at the cost of their lives all in an attempt to raise the required amount for the fees which, in some instances, are more than what some law graduates paid for their entire undergraduate education;

Convinced that given the prevailing economic circumstances in the country and the insistence by some legal luminaries that the profession is elitist and the training capital intensive, it is imperative for the Federal Government and all stakeholders to stop paying lip service to the problem and initiate an emergency national discourse to safeguard the future of this noble profession and the plethora of prospective lawyers who are constrained to Wait for up to two years for another opportunity if they default in the payment of fees;

Resolves to:

Mandate the Committees on Justice, Tertiary Education and Services and Finance to interface with the Director General of the Nigerian Law School, the Council of Legal Education, the Nigerian Bar Association, the Ministers of Justice and Finance and all other relevant stake holders on the challenges and requirements of the law school, the reasons for the exorbitant fees and the possible solutions and report back to the house within six (6) weeks for further legislative action.

CONSIDERATION OF REPORTS

10. Committee on Commerce:

Hon. Sylvester Ogbaga:

“That the House do consider the Report of the Committee on Commerce on a Bill for an Act to Repeal the Consumer Protection Act, Cap. C25, LFN, 2004 to Establish the Federal Competition and Consumer Protection Commission and the Competition and Consumer Protection Tribunal for the Development and Promotion of Fair, Efficient and Competitive Markets in the Nigerian Economy, Facilitate Access by all Citizens to Safe Products, Secure the Protection of Rights for all Consumers in Nigeria and for Other Related Matters (HBs. 1 and 60) and approve the Recommendations therein” (*Laid: 6/10/2016*).

11. *Ad-hoc* Committee on the Investigation of the Award of Contract for the Installation of Closed-Circuit Television (CCTV) Cameras in Lagos and Abuja:

Hon. Ahmed Yerima:

“That the House do consider the Report of the *Ad-hoc* Committee on the Investigation of the Award of Contract for the Installation of Closed-Circuit Television (CCTV) Cameras in Lagos and Abuja and approve the recommendations therein (**HR. 102/2015**)” (*Adjourned Consideration: 22/2/2017*):

- (i) that the Executive Arm of Government should not privatise the National Public Security Communication-System (NPSCS). It should be ceded to the Office of the National Security Adviser (NSA) which is the statutory body saddled with the responsibility of overseeing the activities of all security agencies in the country. The Office of the NSA should set up a department that will report directly to the NSA whose mandate would be to direct the activities of the NPSCS by utilizing the trained Engineers on the system from NIGCOMSAT

and the Nigeria Police Force to maintain the active elements, as well as training of other security agencies to join the operations and to supervise the activities of Managed Service Providers;

- (ii) that in view of the compelling need to address the nation's nagging security challenges, as well as to capacitate all security agencies to fight and contain the rising criminality in the country, the Executive Arm of Government should provide funds for the Office of the National Security Adviser to power the network nationwide. The commercialized excess capacity of the network should be sold to operators and the revenues to be derived therefrom should be used to defray the cost of maintaining and operating the network;
- (iii) that all stakeholders, particularly all Security Agencies, the Military, Nigeria Customs Service, Nigeria Immigration Service, Nigeria Prisons Service, Federal Fire Service, Federal Road Safety Commission, Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC), Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN), Electricity Generation and Distribution Companies, amongst others, should utilize the network of the NPSCS;
- (iv) that the Office of the National Security Adviser should supervise the activities of NigComSat, Nigeria Police Force and ZTE Nigeria Limited to ensure operationalization of the system before issuance of the Final Acceptance Certificate (FAC) to the contractor;
- (v) that the Executive Arm of Government should direct the National Frequency Management Council (NFMC) and the Nigerian Communications Commission (NCC) to immediately release the 450 MHZ Frequency of the NPSCS project to the Office of the National Security Adviser (ONSA) in the interest of national security. The NCC should also release any other frequency required for the NPSCS project upon request;
- (vi) that the Central Bank of Nigeria, in collaboration with NigComSat Limited, should open an account into which the proceeds from commercialization of excess capacity of NPSCS network will be deposited, and subsequent repayments of loan should be made from it;
- (vii) that the Debt Management Office (DMO) should take advantage of the grace period in the Loan Agreement to enable the Federal Government derive maximum benefits from the Agreement;
- (viii) that ZTE Nigeria Limited should refund the discrepancy amount certified after the audit exercise or supply necessary equipment and spares of commensurate value as may be required by the Ministry, otherwise, the figure should be deducted from the outstanding debt of US\$20,247,172.00 (Twenty Million, Two Hundred and Forty Seven Thousand, One Hundred and Seventy Two United States Dollars) certified by the Federal Ministry of Police Affairs as being owed ZTE for running the network from January to June 2013;
- (ix) that a forensic audit of the outstanding debt being owed ZTE for running the system for several months should be conducted and the actual cost be verified and considered at the exchange rate of US Dollar at that period (2013). Thus, the equivalent of the cost established after the verification in USD in year 2013 should be calculated and paid to ZTE to save the country the extra cost;
- (x) that the number of cameras should be increased, those vandalised be replaced, as well as expanding the geographical coverage of the cameras to increase surveillance and security in Nigeria. The second phase of the VSS camera expansion should include more cities in the country, especially the cities that have witnessed severe security challenges such as Kano, Kaduna, Port Harcourt, Onitsha, Aba, Ibadan, Jos, Maiduguri, Yola, Bauchi and border towns like Seme, Idiroko (Ogun State), Illela (Sokoto State), Belel, Toungo (Adamawa State) etc. A third phase of the expansion of the VSS camera should cover all States Capitals and other cities facing security challenges;

- (xi) that the motive for disengagement of BCTEK Engineering Limited and subsequent replacement with Netlink Broadband Networks Limited/Netlink Technologies Limited should be further investigated by relevant Security Agencies;
- (xii) that the Federal Government should revoke and/or cancel the engagement of Netlink Broadband Networks/Netlink Technologies Limited;
- (xiii) that the formation and engagement of Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) to commercialize the excess capacity of the network should be undertaken through a competitive and transparent process to be supervised by relevant Government Agencies;
- (xiv) that there should be a management audit of the Spectrum to include the activities of Regulators (NCC) and all the Operators including Openskys Services Limited, BCTEK Engineering Limited, and Netlink Technologies Limited;
- (xv) that all monies accrued to the project through the activities of BCTEK Engineering Limited and Netlink Technologies Limited should be returned to the Federal Government;
- (xvi) that the former Ministers and officials of the defunct Federal Ministry of Police Affairs (who served between 2010 and 2014) should be prosecuted over the rational and motive for the removal and or disappearance of the operational and maintenance costs of the project from its initial proposals, as that singular act contributed to the non-performance of the network;
- (xvii) that the former Permanent Secretary, defunct Federal Ministry of Police Affairs, Mr James Obeigbu be prosecuted for deliberately refusing to release the approved funds in the amount of Three Billion Naira (₦3 Billion) meant for network operations and maintenance;
- (xviii) that the Committee on Legislative Compliance should ensure implementation of this Resolution by the Executive Arm.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

	<i>Committee</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Venue</i>
1.	Rules and Business	Thursday, 2 March, 2017	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 06 (White House) Assembly Complex
2.	Women Affairs (<i>Budget defence</i>)	Thursday, 2 March, 2017	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 201 New Building (House) Assembly Complex
3.	Public Petitions (<i>Investigative Hearing</i>)	Thursday, 2 March, 2017	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 429 New Building (House) Assembly Complex
4.	Science and Technology	Thursday, 2 March, 2017	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 141 New Building (House) Assembly Complex
5.	Federal Capital Territory	Thursday, 2 March, 2017	3.00 p.m.	Committee Room 327 New Building (House) Assembly Complex